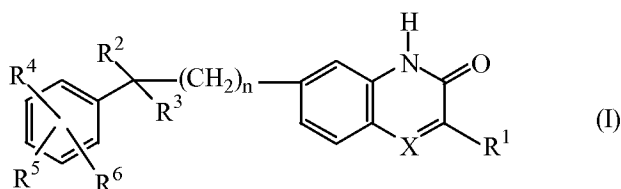


Listing of Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the captioned application.

1. (Currently Amended) A compound of formula (I),



the *N*-oxide forms, the addition salts and the stereo-chemically isomeric forms thereof, wherein

n is 0, 1 or 2;

X is N or CR⁷, wherein R⁷ is hydrogen ~~or taken together with R¹ may form a bivalent radical of formula CH=CH-CH=CH-~~;

R¹ is C₁₋₆alkyl

R² is hydrogen, hydroxy, C₁₋₆alkyl, or C₃₋₆alkynyl;

R³ is a radical selected from

-(CH₂)_s- NR⁸R⁹ (a-1),

-O-H (a-2), or

-O-R¹⁰ (a-3),

wherein

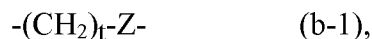
s is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

R⁸ is -CHO, C₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkylcarbonylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl, piperidinylC₁₋₆alkyl, piperidinylC₁₋₆alkylaminocarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, thienylC₁₋₆alkyl, pyrrolylC₁₋₆alkyl, arylC₁₋₆alkylpiperidinyl, arylcarbonylC₁₋₆alkyl, arylcarbonylpiperidinylC₁₋₆alkyl, haloindozolylpiperidinylC₁₋₆alkyl, or arylC₁₋₆alkyl(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl;

R^9 is hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl; and

R^{10} is C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylcarbonyl or di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino C_{1-6} alkyl;

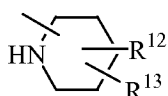
or R^3 is a group of formula



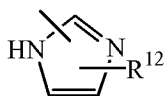
wherein

t is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

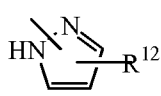
Z is a heterocyclic ring system selected from



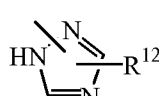
(c-1)



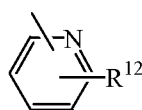
(c-2)



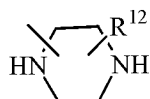
(c-3)



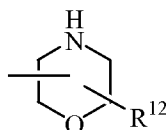
(c-4)



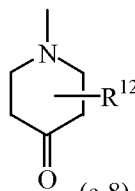
(c-5)



(c-6)

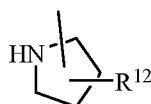


(c-7)



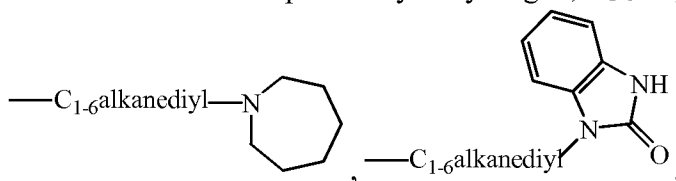
(c-8)

or



(c-11)

wherein each R^{12} independently is hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxy,



C_{1-6} alkyloxy C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy C_{1-6} alkylamino, di(phenyl C_{2-6} alkenyl),

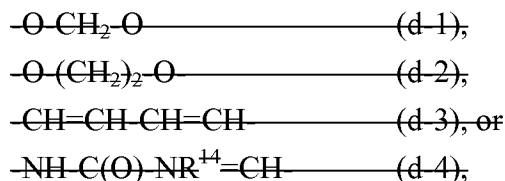
piperidiny C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl C_{1-6} alkyl,

aryloxy(hydroxy) C_{1-6} alkyl, haloindazolyl, aryl C_{1-6} alkyl, aryl C_{2-6} alkenyl, morpholino,

C_{1-6} alkylimidazolyl, or pyridiny C_{1-6} alkylamino; and

each R^{13} independently is hydrogen, piperidiny or aryl;

R^4 , R^5 and R^6 are each independently selected from hydrogen, halo, trihalomethyl, trihalomethoxy, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino C_{1-6} alkyloxy or C_{1-6} alkyloxycarbonyl; ~~or when R^5 and R^6 are on adjacent positions they may be taken together to form a bivalent radical of formula~~



wherein R^{14} is C_{1-6} alkyl;

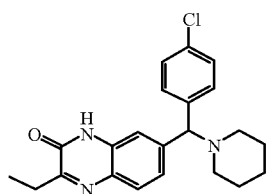
aryl is phenyl or phenyl substituted with halo, C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{1-6} alkyloxy;

with the proviso that when

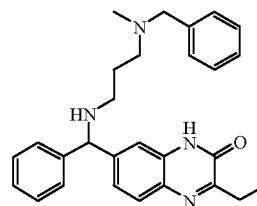
n is 0, X is N, R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl, R^2 is hydrogen, R^3 is a group of formula (b-1), t is 0, Z is the heterocyclic ring system (c-2) wherein said heterocyclic ring system Z is attached to the rest of the molecule with a nitrogen atom, and R^{12} is hydrogen; then at least one of the substituents R^4 , R^5 or R^6 is other than hydrogen, halo, C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{1-6} alkyloxy.

2. (Currently Amended) A compound as claimed in claim 1 wherein n is 0 or 1; X is N or CR^7 , wherein R^7 is hydrogen; R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl; R^2 is hydrogen; R^3 is a radical selected from (a-1) or (a-2) or is group of formula (b-1); s is 0, 1 or 2; R^8 is C_{1-6} alkyl or aryl C_{1-6} alkyl(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino C_{1-6} alkyl; t is 0, 1 or 2; Z is a heterocyclic ring system selected from (c-1), ~~(c-2)~~, (c-3), (c-4), (c-5) or (c-11); each R^{12} independently is hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyloxy C_{1-6} alkylamino; each R^{13} independently is hydrogen; and R^4 , R^5 and R^6 are each independently selected from hydrogen, halo or C_{1-6} alkyl.
3. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1 wherein n is 0 or 1; X is N; R^1 is C_{1-6} alkyl; R^2 is hydrogen; R^3 is a radical of formula (a-1) or is a group of formula (b-1); s is 0; R^8 is aryl C_{1-6} alkyl(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino C_{1-6} alkyl; t is 0; Z is ~~a heterocyclic ring system selected from (c-1) or (c-2)~~; each R^{12} independently is hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyloxy C_{1-6} alkylamino; each R^{13} independently is hydrogen; and R^4 , R^5 and R^6 are each independently selected from hydrogen or halo.

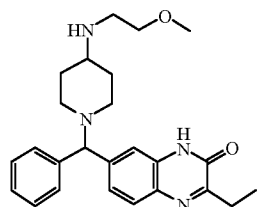
4. (Previously Presented) A compound selected from compound No 5, compound No 9, compound No 2 and compound No 1:



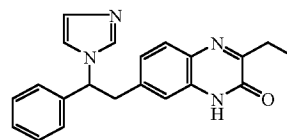
compound 5 ;



compound 9
·C₂H₂O₄ (1:2) ;



compound 2
·C₂H₂O₄ (2:5) ; and

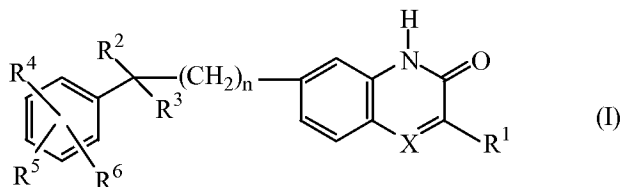


compound 1 .

and the *N*-oxide forms, the addition salts and the stereo-chemically isomeric forms thereof.

5. (Cancelled)
6. (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and as an active ingredient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to claim 1.
7. (Cancelled)

8. (Currently Amended - Withdrawn) A method of treating in a subject a PARP mediated disorder, said method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula (I)



the *N*-oxide forms, the pharmaceutically acceptable addition salts and the stereochemically isomeric forms thereof, wherein

n is 0, 1 or 2;

X is N or CR⁷, wherein R⁷ is hydrogen or taken together with R¹ may form a bivalent radical of formula -CH=CH-CH=CH-;

R¹ is C₁₋₆alkyl

R² is hydrogen, hydroxy, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₃₋₆alkynyl or taken together with R³ may form =O;

R³ is a radical selected from

- (CH₂)_s- NR⁸R⁹ (a-1),
- O-H (a-2), or
- O-R¹⁰ (a-3),

wherein

s is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

R⁸ is -CHO, C₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkylcarbonylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl, piperidinylC₁₋₆alkyl, piperidinylC₁₋₆alkylaminocarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, thienylC₁₋₆alkyl, pyrrolylC₁₋₆alkyl, arylC₁₋₆alkylpiperidinyl, arylcarbonylC₁₋₆alkyl, arylcarbonylpiperidinylC₁₋₆alkyl, haloindazolylpiperidinylC₁₋₆alkyl, or arylC₁₋₆alkyl(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl;

R^9 is hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl; and

R^{10} is C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylcarbonyl or di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino C_{1-6} alkyl;

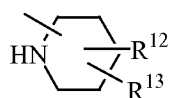
or R^3 is a group of formula



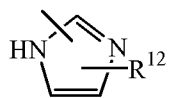
wherein

t is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

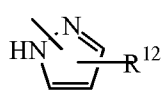
Z is a heterocyclic ring system selected from



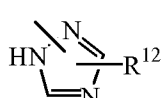
(c-1)



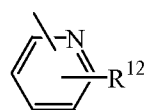
(c-2)



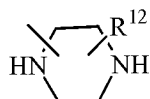
(c-3)



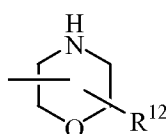
(c-4)



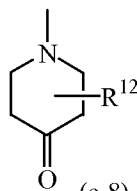
(c-5)



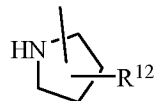
(c-6)



(c-7)

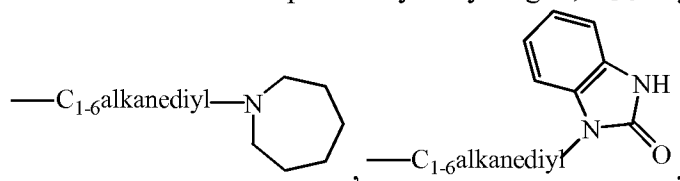


(c-8)



(c-11)

wherein each R^{12} independently is hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, aminocarbonyl, hydroxy,



C_{1-6} alkyloxy C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy C_{1-6} alkylamino, di(phenyl C_{2-6} alkenyl),

piperidinyl C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl C_{1-6} alkyl,

aryloxy(hydroxy) C_{1-6} alkyl, haloindazolyl, aryl C_{1-6} alkyl, aryl C_{2-6} alkenyl, morpholino,

C_{1-6} alkylimidazolyl, or pyridinyl C_{1-6} alkylamino; and

each R^{13} independently is hydrogen, piperidinyl or aryl;

R^4 , R^5 and R^6 are each independently selected from hydrogen, halo, trihalomethyl, trihalomethoxy, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy, $di(C_{1-6}alkyl)amino$, $di(C_{1-6}alkyl)aminoC_{1-6}alkyloxy$ or $C_{1-6}alkyloxycarbonyl$; or

when R^5 and R^6 are on adjacent positions they may taken together form a bivalent radical of formula

$-O-CH_2-O$ (d-1),

$-O-(CH_2)_2-O-$ (d-2),

$-CH=CH-CH=CH-$ (d-3), or

$-NH-C(O)-NR^{14}=CH-$ (d-4),

wherein R^{14} is $C_{1-6}alkyl$;

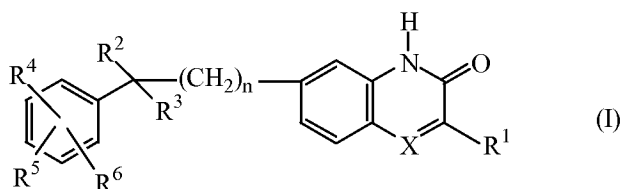
aryl is phenyl or phenyl substituted with halo, $C_{1-6}alkyl$ or $C_{1-6}alkyloxy$.

9. (Cancelled)

10. (Withdrawn) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of chemotherapy of comprising administration of a compound according to claim 1, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to chemotherapy, prior to administration of said chemotherapy .

11. (Withdrawn) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of radiotherapy of comprising administration of a compound according to claim 1, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to ionizing radiation, prior to administration of said radiotherapy .

12. (Currently Amended- Withdrawn) A combination of a compound of formula (I) with a chemotherapeutic agent



the *N*-oxide forms, the pharmaceutically acceptable addition salts and the stereochemically isomeric forms thereof, wherein

n is 0, 1 or 2;

X is N or CR⁷, wherein R⁷ is hydrogen ~~or taken together with R⁺ may form a bivalent radical of formula $\text{CH}=\text{CH}-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$~~

R¹ is C₁₋₆alkyl or thienyl;

R² is hydrogen, hydroxy, C₁₋₆alkyl, C₃₋₆alkynyl or taken together with R³ may form =O;

R³ is a radical selected from

$-(\text{CH}_2)_s-\text{NR}^8\text{R}^9$ (a-1),

$-\text{O}-\text{H}$ (a-2), or

$-\text{O}-\text{R}^{10}$ (a-3),

wherein

s is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

R⁸-and R¹⁰ are each independently selected from $-\text{CHO}$, C₁₋₆alkyl, hydroxyC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl, amino, C₁₋₆alkylamino, di(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxycarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkylcarbonylaminoC₁₋₆alkyl, piperidinylC₁₋₆alkylaminocarbonyl, piperidinyl, piperidinylC₁₋₆alkyl, piperidinylC₁₋₆alkylaminocarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkyloxy, thienylC₁₋₆alkyl, pyrrolylC₁₋₆alkyl, arylC₁₋₆alkylpiperidinyl, arylcarbonylC₁₋₆alkyl, arylcarbonylpiperidinylC₁₋₆alkyl, haloindozolylpiperidinylC₁₋₆alkyl, or arylC₁₋₆alkyl(C₁₋₆alkyl)aminoC₁₋₆alkyl; and

R⁹ is hydrogen or C₁₋₆alkyl;

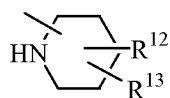
or R³ is a group of formula

$-(\text{CH}_2)_t-\text{Z}-$ (b-1),

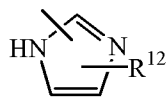
wherein

t is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

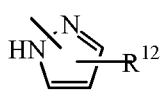
Z is a heterocyclic ring system selected from



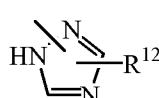
(c-1)



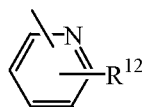
(c-2)



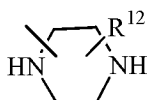
(c-3)



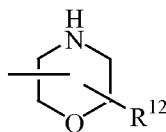
(c-4)



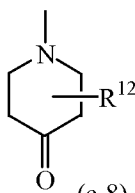
(c-5)



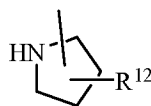
(c-6)



(c-7)

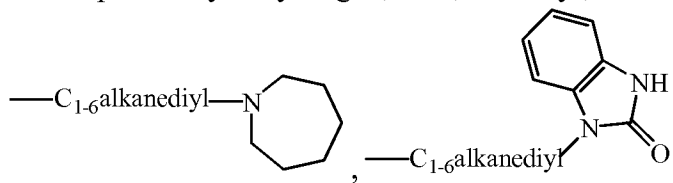


(c-8)



(c-11)

wherein each R^{12} independently is hydrogen, halo, C_{1-6} alkyl, aminocarbonyl, amino,



hydroxy, aryl,

C_{1-6} alkylamino C_{1-6} alkyloxy, C_{1-6} alkyloxy C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy C_{1-6} alkylamino, aryl C_{1-6} alkyl, di(phenyl C_{2-6} alkenyl), piperidiny, piperidiny C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl C_{1-6} alkyl, aryloxy(hydroxy) C_{1-6} alkyl, haloindazolyl, aryl C_{1-6} alkyl, aryl C_{2-6} alkenyl, aryl C_{1-6} alkylamino, morpholino, C_{1-6} alkylimidazolyl, or pyridiny C_{1-6} alkylamino;

each R^{13} independently is hydrogen, piperidiny or aryl;

R^4 , R^5 and R^6 are each independently selected from hydrogen, halo, trihalomethyl, trihalomethoxy, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkyloxy, amino, amino C_{1-6} alkyl, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino, di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino C_{1-6} alkyloxy or C_{1-6} alkyloxycarbonyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl substituted with 1, 2 or 3 substituents independently selected from hydroxy, C_{1-6} alkyloxy, or amino C_{1-6} alkyloxy; or

when R^5 and R^6 are on adjacent positions they may taken together form a bivalent radical of formula

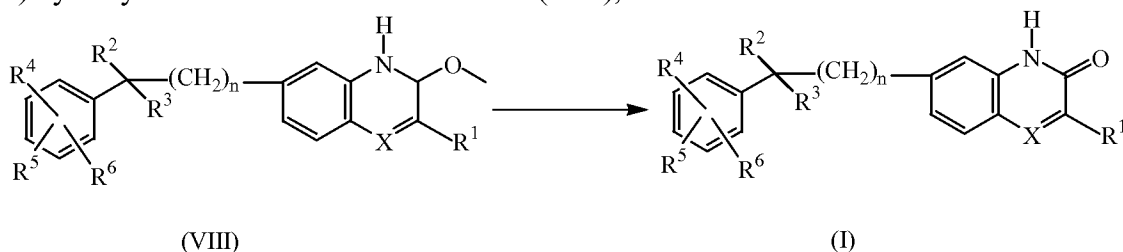


$-\text{O}-(\text{CH}_2)_2-\text{O}-$ (d-2),
 $-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-$ (d-3), or
 $-\text{NH}-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{NR}^{14}=\text{CH}-$ (d-4),
 wherein R^{14} is C_{1-6} alkyl;

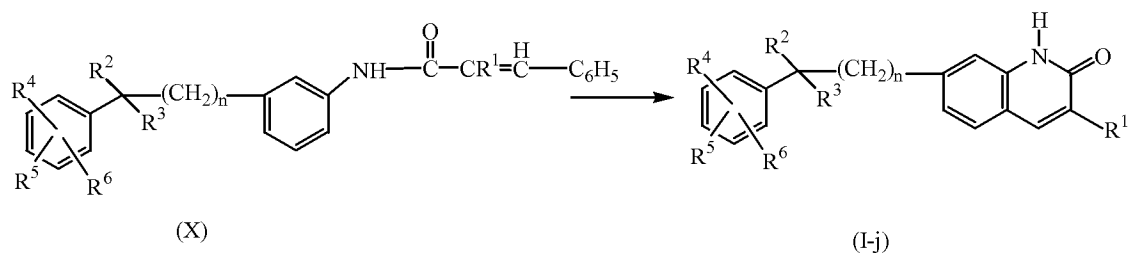
aryl is phenyl or phenyl substituted with halo, C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{1-6} alkyloxy.

13. (Withdrawn) A process for preparation of a compound as claimed in claim 1, comprising

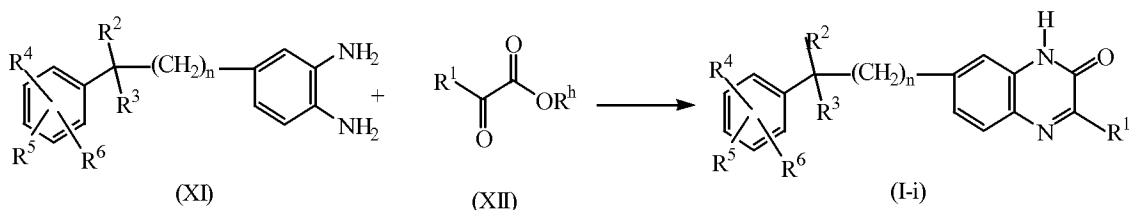
a) hydrolysis of intermediates of formula (VIII),



b) cyclization of intermediates of formula (X), into compounds of formula (I) wherein X is CH, herein referred to as compounds of formula (I-j) , and s.



c) condensation of an appropriate ortho-benzenediamine of formula (XI) with an ester of formula (XII) wherein R^h is C_{1-6} alkyl, into compounds of formula (I), wherein X is N, herein referred to as compounds of formula (I-i), in the presence of a carboxylic acid.



14. (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and as an active ingredient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 2.
15. (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and as an active ingredient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 3.
16. (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and as an active ingredient a therapeutically effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 4.
17. (Withdrawn) A method of treating in a subject a PARP mediated disorder, said method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 2.
18. (Withdrawn) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of chemotherapy comprising administration of a compound according to claim 2, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to chemotherapy, prior to administration of said chemotherapy .
19. (Withdrawn) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of radiotherapy comprising administration of a compound according to claim 2, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to ionizing radiation, prior to administration of said radiotherapy.

20. (Withdrawn) A method of treating in a subject a PARP mediated disorder, said method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 3.
21. (Withdrawn) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of chemotherapy comprising administration of a compound according to claim 3, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to chemotherapy, prior to administration of said chemotherapy.
22. (Withdrawn) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of radiotherapy comprising administration of a compound according to claim 3, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to ionizing radiation, prior to administration of said radiotherapy.
23. (Withdrawn) A method of treating in a subject a PARP mediated disorder, said method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 4.
24. (Withdrawn) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of chemotherapy comprising administration of a compound according to claim 4, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to chemotherapy, prior to administration of said chemotherapy.
25. (Withdrawn) A method for enhancing the effectiveness of radiotherapy comprising administration of a compound according to claim 4, in a therapeutically effective amount so as to increase sensitivity of cells to ionizing radiation, prior to administration of said radiotherapy.
26. (Withdrawn) A combination of a compound with a chemotherapeutic agent wherein said compound is a compound of claim 2.
27. (Withdrawn) A combination of a compound with a chemotherapeutic agent wherein said compound is a compound of claim 3.

- 28 (Withdrawn) A combination of a compound with a chemotherapeutic agent wherein said compound is a compound of claim 4.
29. (Cancelled) A product made by the process of claim 13.
30. (Cancelled)